



Setting the Context for Health Equity

Changing Demographics in the United States

Healthcare Value Hub

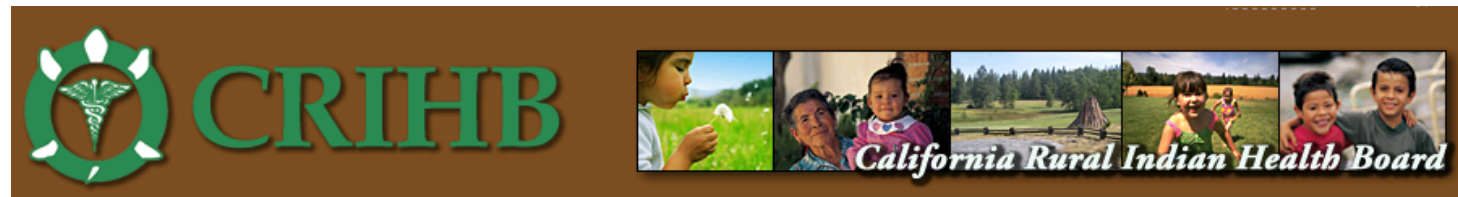
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Sarah de Guia, JD
Executive Director,
California Pan-Ethnic Health Network

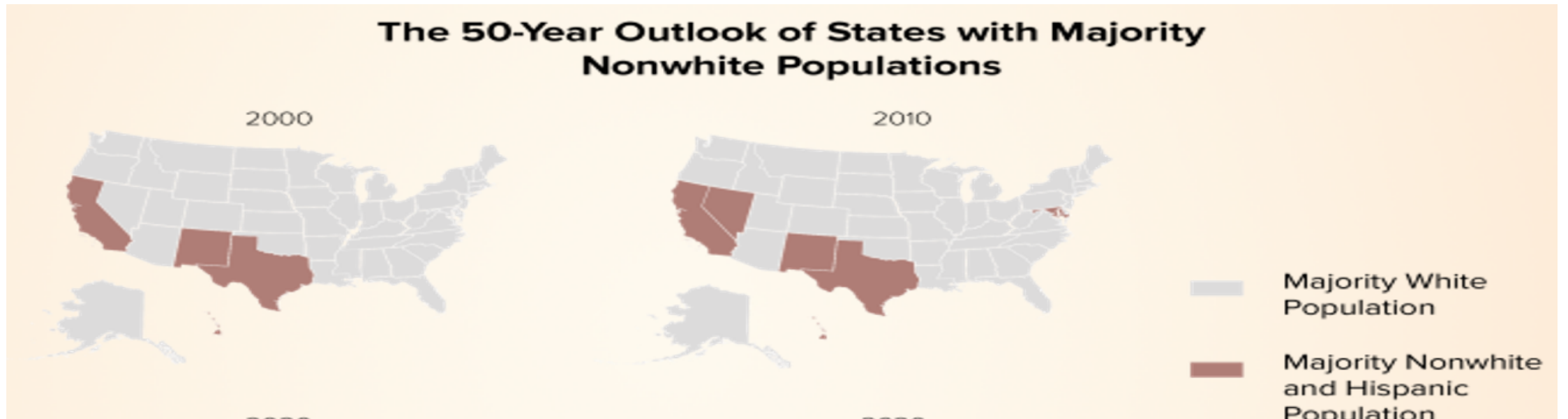
CPEHN: Together We're Stronger

Founded in 1992, CPEHN was created to bring together racial and ethnic communities to develop and advocate for an inclusive, multicultural health policy agenda. Today, CPEHN is focused on:

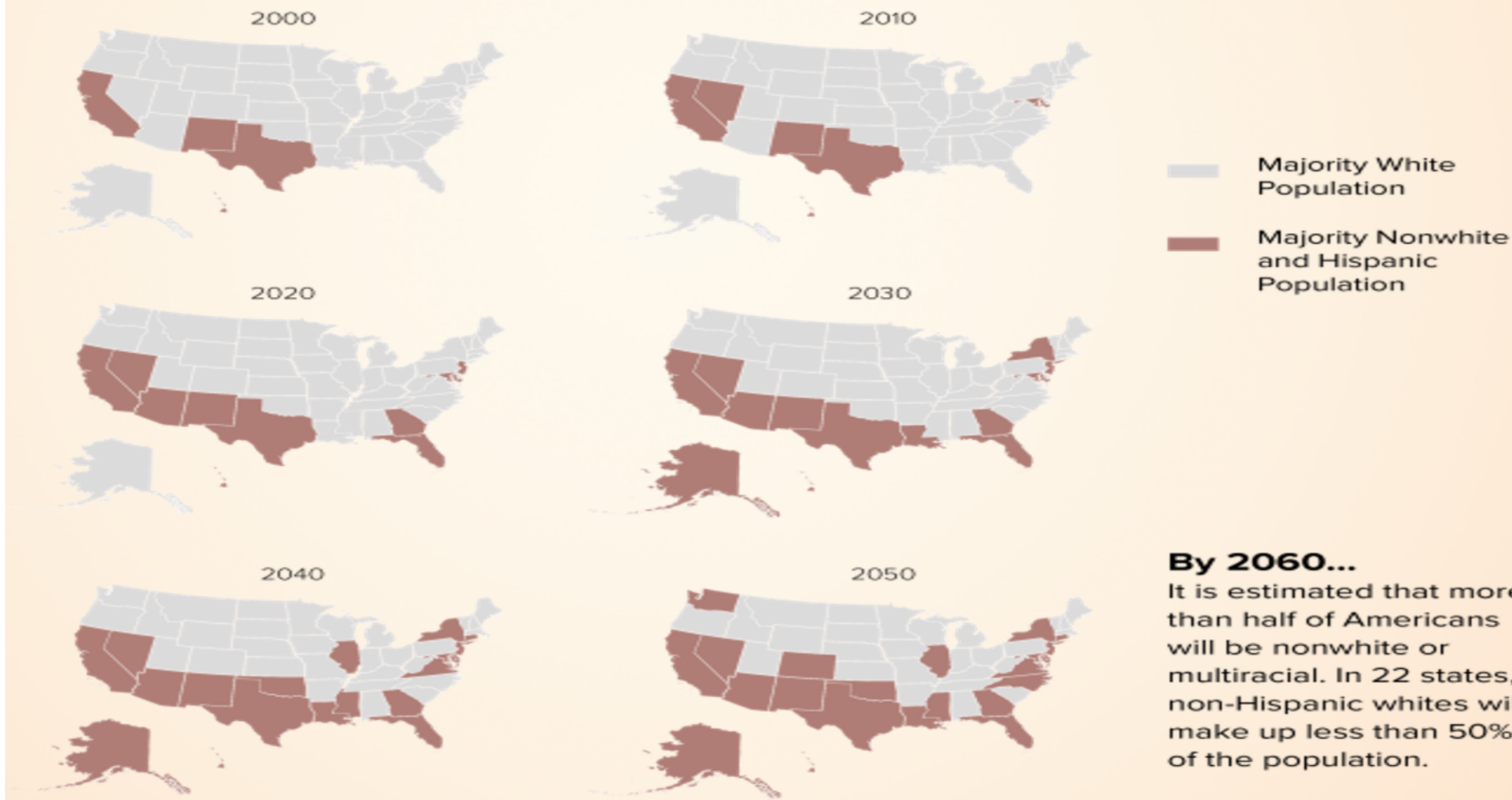
- **building people power** to educate and influence policy change;
- **investing in and connecting communities of color** to further knowledge, capacity, and leadership;
- **passing, changing and implementing policies** that reflect communities' health needs; and
- **elevating data and stories** to elevate community expertise.



Early projections: 2000-2010



The 50-Year Outlook of States with Majority Nonwhite Populations



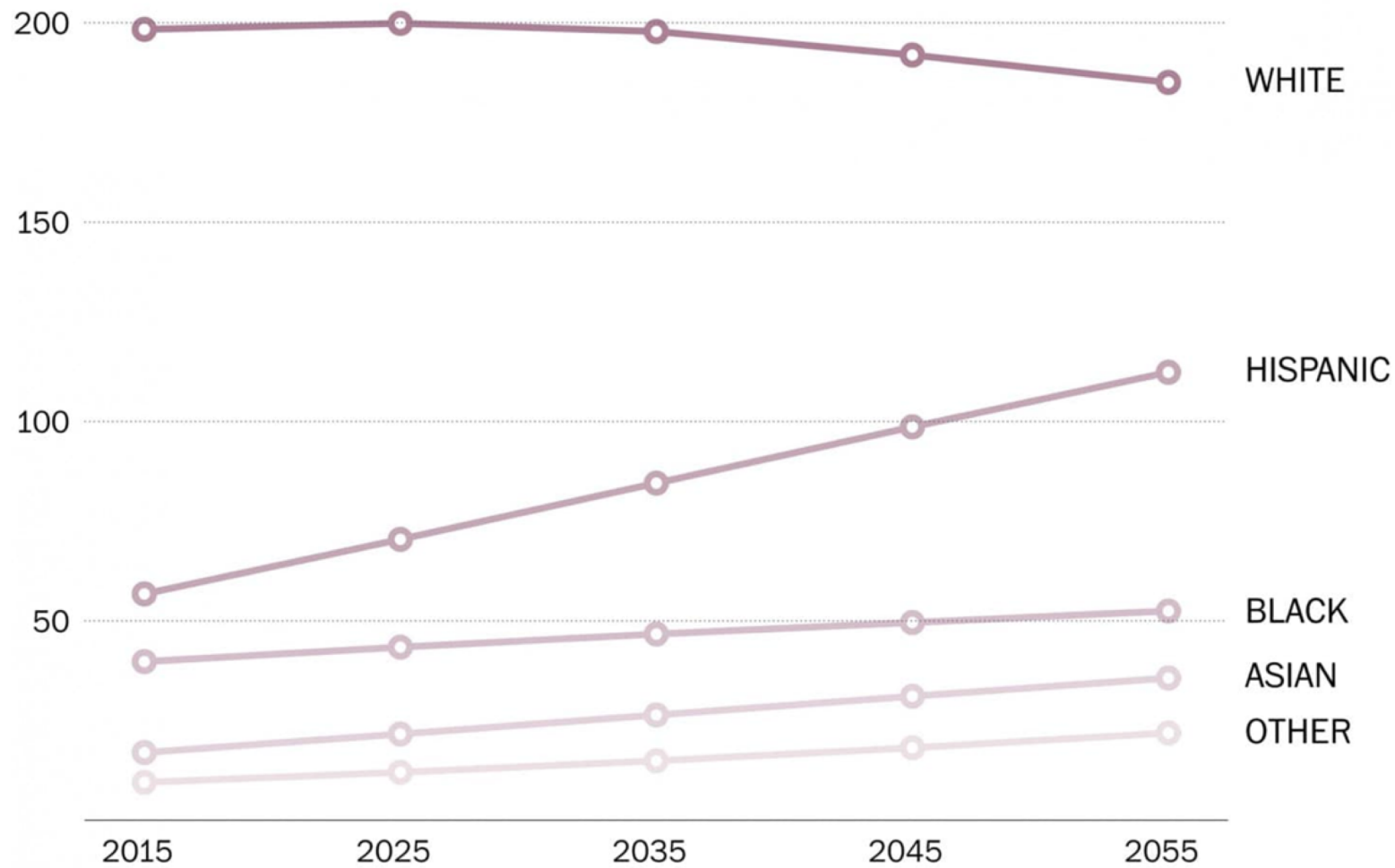
Sources: States of Change: The Demographic Evolution of the American Electorate, 1974–2060 from the Center for American Progress, the American Enterprise Institute, and William H. Frey from the Brookings Institution; U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division | *Graphic by Christina Animashaun*



California Pan-Ethnic Health Network

Racial and ethnic composition

Projected. Numbers in millions.



SOURCE: CENSUS BUREAU

Figure 8. Average differences in quality of care for Blacks, Hispanics, and Asians compared with Whites, by state, 2014-2015

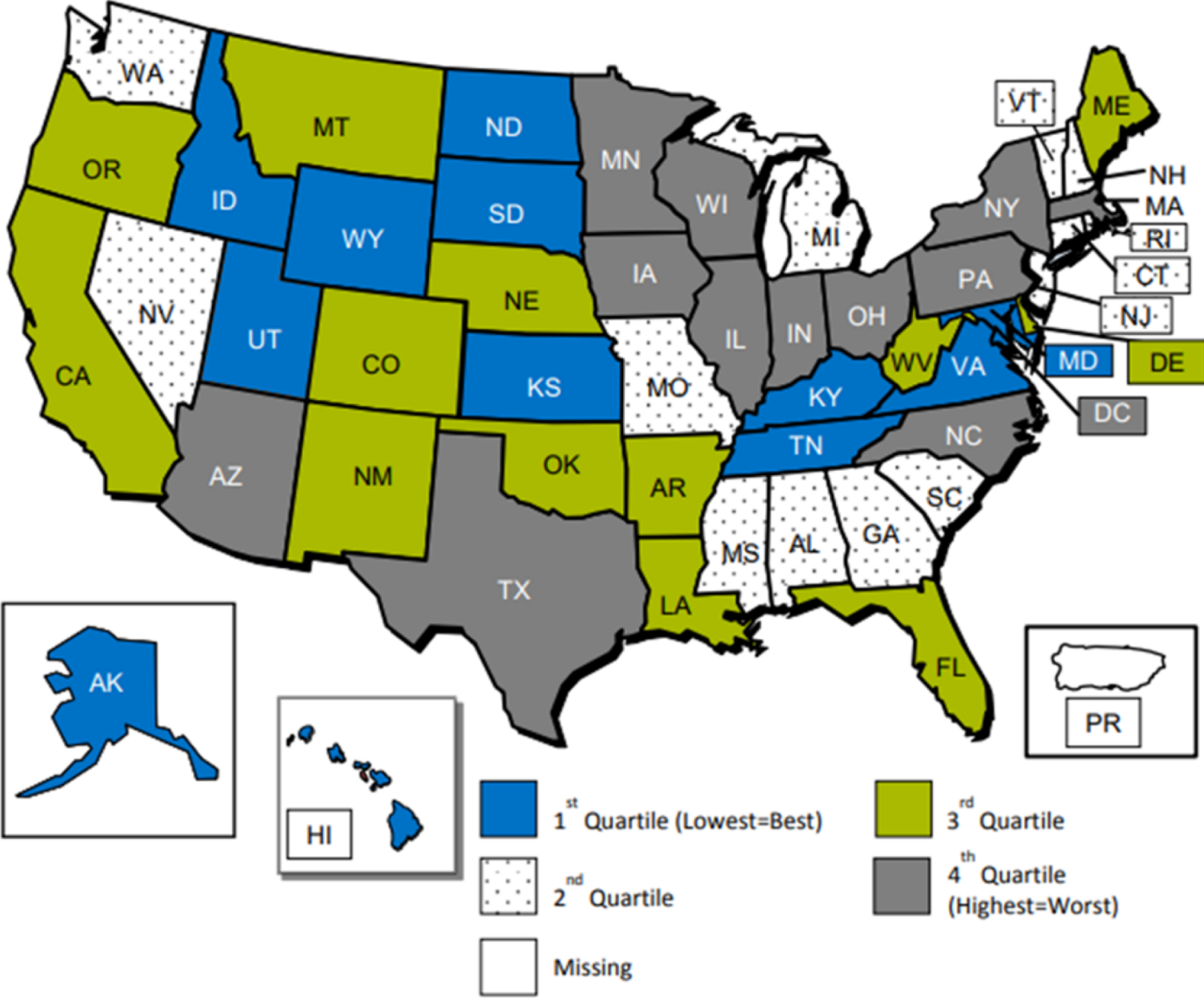
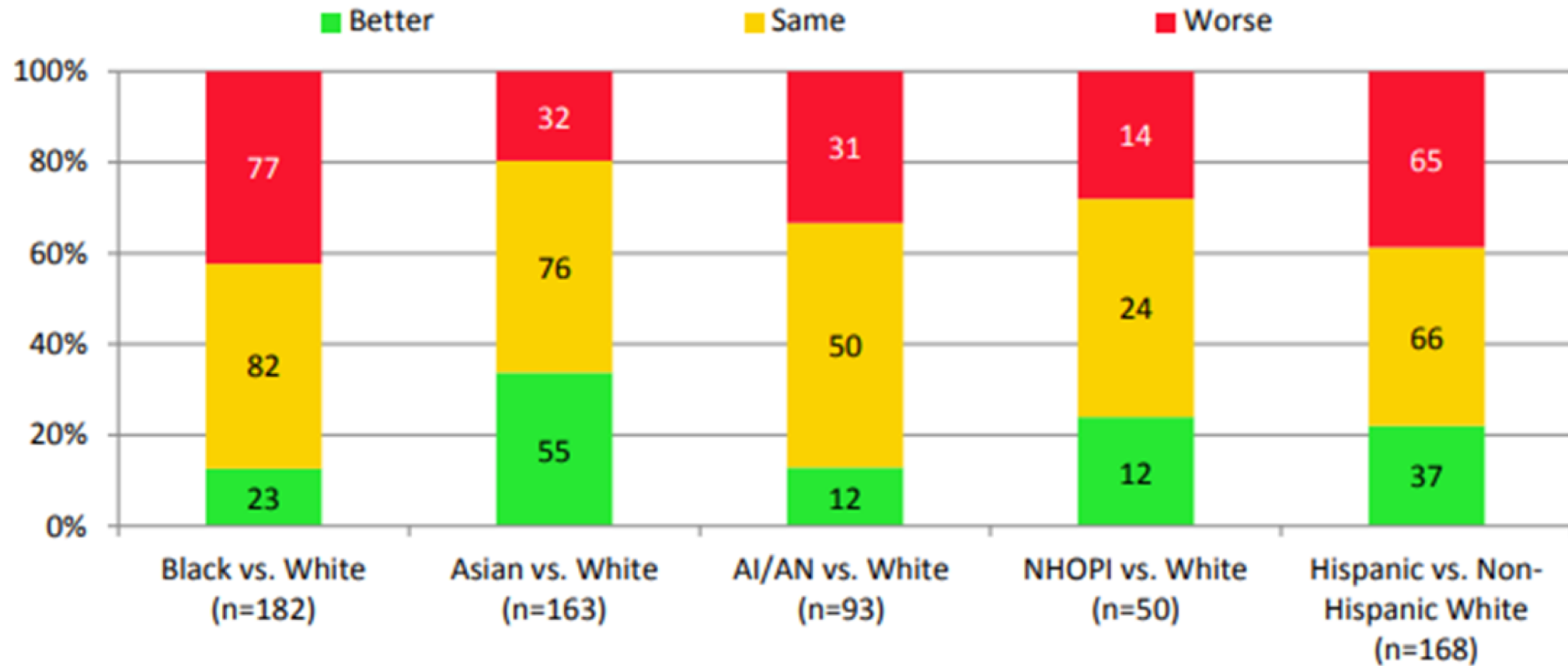


Figure 15. Number and percentage of quality measures for which members of selected groups experienced better, same, or worse quality of care compared with reference group (White) in 2013-2015





CPEHN

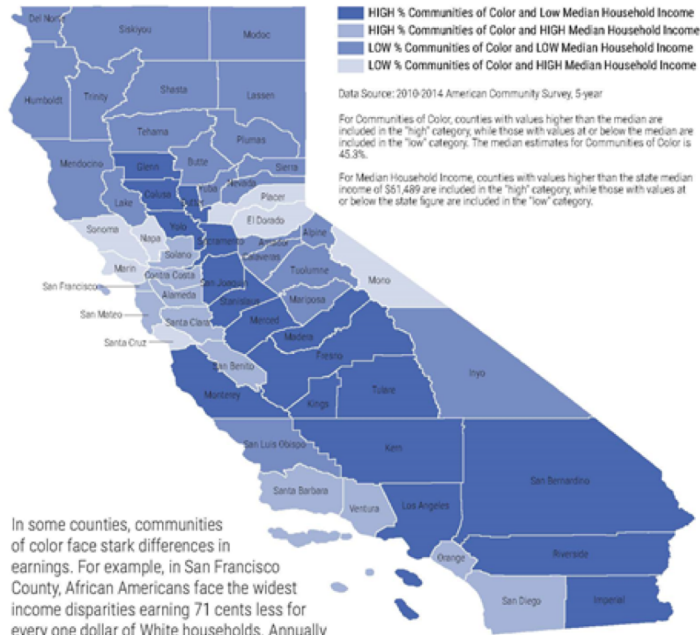
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MAP 4 Clean Water & Communities of color



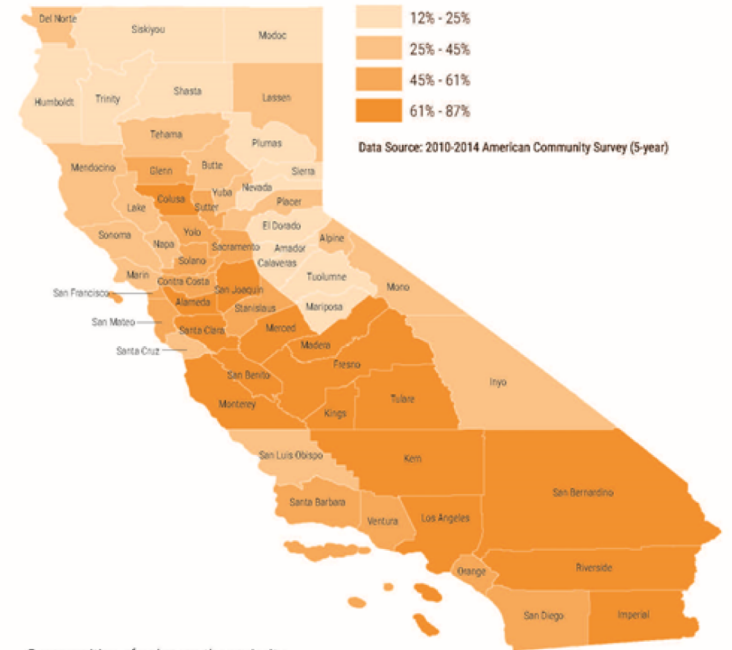
The California Communities Environmental Health Screening Tool (CalEnviroScreen) uses 19 indicators to measure census tracts disproportionately impacted by multiple sources of pollution using socio-economic disadvantage and the level of health and environmental vulnerability. Tracts that score in the 75th percentile are given priority for enhanced funding to reduce toxic exposures and pollution in our land, air and water.¹²⁰

MAP 2 Median Household Income and Communities of Color



In some counties, communities of color face stark differences in earnings. For example, in San Francisco County, African Americans face the widest income disparities earning 71 cents less for every one dollar of White households. Annually this equates to a \$71,491 wage gap between African American and White households. Latinos fare worse in Sierra County (62 cents less) and American Indian/Alaska Native in Mono County (81 cents less).³⁸

MAP 1 Communities of Color in California



Communities of color are the majority in California, making up 61% of the total population. Imperial (87%), Los Angeles (73%), and Merced (69%) counties have the highest percent of communities of color.